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The disease has also been carried by fish to the Province of Bataan, which is situated on the other side of the bay from Manila. The type of the disease is very virulent in character, most of the patients dying a few hours after being seized.

Cholera has also gained a foothold in the port of Cebu, and there is great danger of the disease being spread throughout the densely populated island of Cebu, in which event a general outbreak in the southern islands is to be expected. At Cebu the service has imposed a 48-hour outgoing quarantine detention upon vessels bound for noninfected ports.

On account of the general vigilance which is being exercised throughout the islands, and on account of the infection being widespread, it has not been deemed advisable to impose an outgoing quarantine detention upon vessels leaving the port of Manila. General warnings have been sent out, and boats are inspected at ports of arrival.

Consular bills of health issued:

September 10, the United States Army transport *Sheridan*, from Manila to San Francisco, with 192 in crew, 181 cabin and 1,025 steerage passengers, was granted a bill of health. Members of crew and steerage passengers bathed, and their effects disinfected. Ship partially disinfected.

September 11, the Norwegian steamship *Henrik Ibsen*, en route from Hongkong to Portland, Oreg., with 38 crew and 1 passenger, was granted a supplemental bill of health. Personnel and cargo inspected prior to sailing.

RUSSIA IN ASIA.

Report from Vladivostok—Cholera.

Consul Maynard reports, September 22:

Six cases of cholera were discovered in the Korean village, a suburb of Vladivostok, September 17, and additional cases were reported at the rate of one a day, all in the same quarter. Additional cases have been discovered in various parts of the city. The disease now exists in epidemic form.

ZANZIBAR.

Report from Zanzibar—Examination of rats for plague infection.

Consul Garrels reports, September 17:

Week ended September 7. Rats received and examined, 1,234. No infection found. Week ended September 14. Rats received and examined, 1,369. No infection found.

FOREIGN AND INSULAR STATISTICAL REPORTS OF COUNTRIES AND CITIES—UNTABULATED.

AUSTRALIA—*Fremantle*.—Month of July, 1909. Estimated population, 261,563. Total number of deaths, 9. No contagious diseases reported.

New South Wales—Sydney.—Month of July, 1909. Estimated population, 592,100. Total number of deaths, 517, including diphtheria, 3; enteric fever, 1; measles, 1; scarlet fever, 1; and 38 from tuberculosis.

BRAZIL—Ceara.—Month of August, 1909. Estimated population, 55,000. Total number of deaths, 94, including enteric fever 7, and 18 from tuberculosis.

CANADA—British Columbia—Vancouver.—Month of September, 1909. Estimated population, 66,500. Total number of deaths, 79, including enteric fever 1, and 11 from tuberculosis.

DUTCH GUIANA—Paramaribo.—Month of September, 1909. Estimated population, 34,962. Total number of deaths, 114. No contagious diseases.

JAPAN—Formosa.—Two weeks ended September 18, 1909. Estimated population, 3,108,723. Total number of deaths not reported. One death from diphtheria and 4 deaths from enteric fever reported.

FRANCE—Nice.—Month of August, 1909. Estimated population, 150,881. Total number of deaths, 183, including diphtheria 1, enteric fever 3, and 26 from tuberculosis.

St. Etienne.—Two weeks ended September 30. Estimated population, 150,000. Total number of deaths 90, including enteric fever 3, and 13 from tuberculosis.

GREAT BRITAIN—England and Wales.—The deaths registered in 76 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended September 25, 1909, correspond to an annual rate of 12.6 per 1,000 population, which is estimated at 16,445,281.

London.—One thousand one hundred and twenty-seven deaths were registered during the week, including measles 5, scarlet fever 8, diphtheria 16, whooping cough 14, tuberculosis 159, enteric fever 2, and 114 from diarrhea. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 12.2 per 1,000. In Greater London 3,477 deaths were registered. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 1 from measles, 4 from diphtheria, and 8 from whooping cough.

Ireland.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended September 25, 1909, in the 21 principal town districts of Ireland was 16.9 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,142,308. The lowest rate was recorded in Clonmel, viz, 5.1, and the highest in Kilkenny, viz, 29.5 per 1,000.

Scotland.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended September 25, 1909, correspond to an annual rate of 13.8 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,865,571. The highest rate of mortality was recorded in Perth, viz, 19.8, and the lowest in Greenock, viz, 10.1 per 1,000. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 494, including diphtheria 8, enteric fever 7, measles 3, scarlet fever 7, and 5 from whooping cough.

MEXICO—*Veracruz*.—Month of September, 1909. Estimated population 32,000. Total number of deaths 167, including enteric fever 1, yellow fever 1 (imported), smallpox 1, and 28 from tuberculosis.

PORTO RICO.—Month of July, 1909. Estimated population, 1,053,963. Total number of deaths 225, including diphtheria 2, enteric fever 16, measles 5, and 199 from tuberculosis.

SOCIETY ISLANDS—*Tahiti*.—Five weeks ended September 25, 1909. Estimated population, 4,000. Total number of deaths 6. No deaths from contagious diseases.

SPAIN—*Almeria*.—Month of June, 1909. Estimated population, 50,910. Total number of deaths 126, including enteric fever 5, measles 1, scarlet fever 1, whooping cough 1, and 9 from tuberculosis.

Huelva.—Month of August, 1909. Estimated population, 24,000. Total number of deaths 74, including enteric fever 2, smallpox 8, and 6 from tuberculosis.

WEST INDIES—*Curaçao*.—Two weeks ended October 8, 1909. Estimated population, 30,000. Total number of deaths 11. No contagious diseases.

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, from June 26 to October 29, 1909.

[Reports received by the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, from American consuls, through the Department of State, and from other sources.]

[For reports received from December 25, 1908, to June 25, 1909, see PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS for June 25, 1909.]

[NOTE.—In accordance with custom, the tables of epidemic diseases are terminated semiannually and new tables begun.]

CHOLERA.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
China:				
Amoy.....	June 13-Sept. 4 ...		178	
Chefoo.....	Aug. 28.....		5	Among Europeans; Sept. 11, epidemic.
Hankow.....	July 17-Aug. 28...	8	5	Sept. 11, still present among natives.
Kang Thau.....	Apr. 1-June 30....	4	2	
Shanghai.....	July 26-31.....	3	1	On s. s. Hudson; Aug. 7, present among foreigners and natives; Sept. 11, still present among natives.
Swatow.....	May 11-29.....			Present in vicinity; Aug. 28, 3 cases, 2 deaths, on s. s. Walshing.
Germany:				
Königsberg.....	July 21.....		1	
Pakaltsne.....	Sept. 20.....	2	1	Near Russ.
Stoltzenhagen.....	Sept. 18.....		1	25 miles from Stettin.
India:				
Bombay.....	May 30-Sept. 21...		394	
Calcutta.....	May 16-Sept. 11...		925	
Madras.....	May 29-Aug. 20....		7	
Ngapatam.....	May 8-14.....		4	
Rangoon.....	May 16-Sept. 11...		55	
Indo-China:				
Saigon.....	May 9-July 24....	23	17	
Japan:				
Amagasaki.....	Aug. 14-21.....	4		
Kagawa, prefecture.....	Aug. 8-14.....	7		
Karatsu.....	Sept. 1-9.....	11	2	On s. s. Taian Maru.
Kobe.....	Sept. 6-13.....	3	1	July 31, 1 case on s. s. Nile.
Mitajiri.....	Aug. 22.....	21		From s. s. Kaga Maru.
Java:				
Batavia.....	Sept. 21.....			Present.